SHOJI LIGHT+SPACE

SHOJI DEFINED

Though often thought of in the West as free-standing folding screens, Japanese shoji more commonly consist of wood and translucent paper panels traditionally used as sliding doors, room dividers and window coverings. Simple in construction, elegant in execution, they provide privacy and adjustable access while optimizing light diffusion. Fusuma screens are a sturdier alternative covered in layers of paper, the last layer being opaque and usually handmade, in a variety of patterns, textures and colors.

OLD AND NEW, EAST AND WEST

Shoji and fusuma screens evolved during the Heian Period in Japan, 794-1185, when they were used to create flexible living environments for the court nobility by dividing large rooms into smaller ones.

Today Berkeley Mills designs shoji to cover electronic equipment, replace traditional sliding closet doors, and provide an alternative to curtains and blinds.



DISCOVER THE BE OF JAPANESE SHOJI SCI



Working with Japanese craftsmen in Ishikawa, whose artists made shoji for the shogun, Berkeley Mills is pleased to offer custom measured, made and installed shoji and fusuma screens. Winner of Japan's national award for Best Shoji Makers, our craftsmen create screens of elegant simplicity or stunning complexity from Berkeley Mills designs.



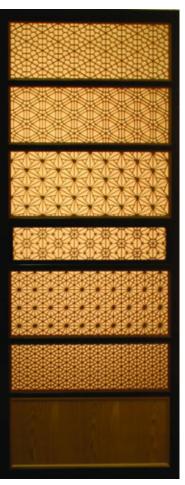
Shoji can be designed using an infinite combination of papers and patterns. These three-paneled shoji cover what were nondescript windows. Changing light throughout the day transforms the shoji's color and translucency.

Though simple in concept, grid patterns and paper combinations are infinite: translucent or opaque, plain or patterned, smooth or textured. Even fabric, such as natural linen, can be used to beautiful effect.



Byobu is the Japanese word for stand-alone screens. They are usually opaque and can be made of two, four, or six panels. Traditionally adorned with showy paintings that reflected a samurai's status, byobu today are more commonly used to provide privacy or as a backdrop for artwork.

AUTY AND UTILITY REENS—800 YEARS NEW



Screens are custom-measured and made to order, using traditional materials such as Alaskan spruce or red cedar, even kiso hinoki, a fragrant cedar often used in temples and tea houses. Because the screens are traditionally made of soft wood, they are lightweight and require no wheels or metal tracks. Super-surfacing techniques plane the frame to a glass-like smoothness that allows it to glide easily along wood tracks.

Above: Kumiko shoji describe a craft that is only practiced by master craftsmen. Delicate pieces of wood are interlocked to form intricate patterns evocative of snowflakes. They are held in place only by the tension of the wood—no glue or other fastening methods are used.

Right: Shoji are a practical and beautiful alternative to common closet doors. Back-lit, they emit a glow like a warm lantern. Wooden panels on the lower portion of the shoji add sturdiness and assure that the shoji paper is protected in high-usage areas.





Yukimi shoji offer the best of both worlds—privacy and a view.

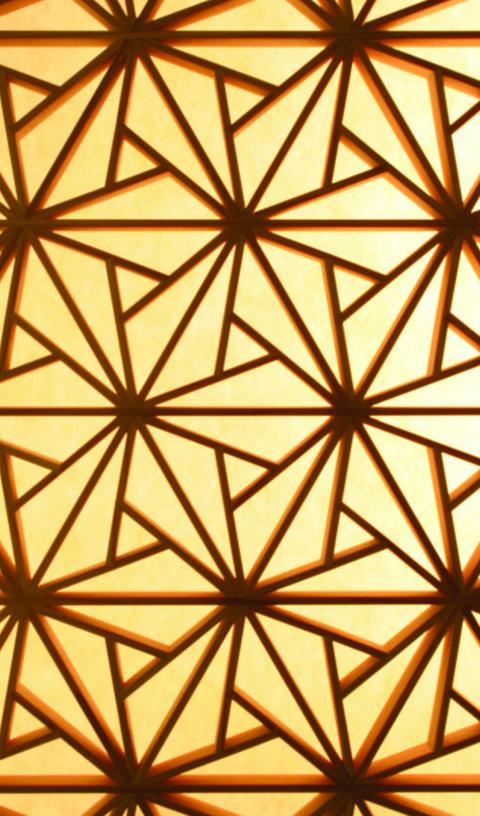


THE ART OF SHOJI AT BERKELEY MILLS

Berkeley Mills can help you design shoji uniquely suited for your home or office, wherever it is in the world.

Let us show you how an 800-year-old craft can add beauty and functionality to your surroundings.

A close-up of kumiko shoji.
Delicate pieces of interlocking
wood are held in place only by
the tension of the wood. Kumiko
can be made to form a myriad
of patterns.





2830 7th Street Berkeley, CA 94710

Phone: 510-549-2854 Toll free 877-426-4557 Fax: 510-548-0865

email: shop@berkeleymills.com

www.berkeleymills.com